# The Curse of the Reconsidered Ozone NAAQS (and maybe PM?)

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(participated in 2011 and 2023 reconsiderations and 2014 O3 review)



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## "Reconsiderations" of 2020 PM and O3 NAAQS Reviews

Trump administration CASAC PM and O3 reviews: 2018-2019 Reconstituted CASAC - unqualified (by their own admission)

- Industry consultant chair, one academic, no panel
- Rushed, broke long-standing process norms (concurrent ISA/PA)
   No changes despite EPA Staff recommending tighter annual PM

Biden administration PM and O3 Reconsiderations announced 6/2021 "in a manner that adheres to rigorous standards of scientific integrity" Another reconstituted CASAC, with panels, lots of academics Consistent with previous process norms

Nothing political about this process ......

## O3 Reconsideration[s]

The back-story: Not the first time.

2009-2011 Obama/Jackson reconsideration of 2008 revision (0.084 to 0.075 ppm)

CASAC: 60 to 70 ppb; Admin. Johnson ignored them ("policy, not sci, advice")

Reconsideration: 70 ppb, pulled at the last minute (9/1/2011 - election year)

==> Was to be 65 (OMB push-back) per NY Times story:

https://www.nytimes.com/2011/11/17/science/earth/policy-and-politics-collide-as-obama-enters-campaign-mode.html

Or in pg 114 of this FOIA package:

https://19january2017snapshot.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2014-01/documents/second-release-part-o.pdf FOIA link:



#### From the first version EPA sent to OMB in 2011:

"...the Administrator has concluded that a standard set at 0.065 ppm O3 is requisite to protect public health with an adequate margin of safety. In so doing, she concludes that a primary O3 standard set at 0.070 ppm would not protect public health with an adequate margin of safety for susceptible populations..."

# 2011 - 2014 Obama/McCarthy review (70 ppb):

CASAC: "70 ppb may not meet the statutory requirement to protect public health with an adequate margin of safety ... <u>our policy advice</u> is to set the level of the standard lower than 70 ppb"

2018 - 2020 Trump O3 review: 70 ppb 1/19/21: "unlawful, arbitrary and capricious"

# 2022 - 2023 O3 reconsideration: holds legal action on 2020 rule in abeyance

- Policy Assessment document only, not ISA (PM recon included ISA)
- Revised PA: EPA staff still said 70 ppb [???]
- CASAC concerns with ISA; put PA review on hold to assess ISA quality
- Revised revised PA, still 70

# 2022 - 2023 O3 reconsideration (continued)

• CASAC March 2023 panel ("all but one" of 18): 55 to 60 ppb [!!!] EPA relied on CHE (chamber) studies, discounting the epidemiology

"CASAC strongly believes that the preponderance of epidemiological findings related to O3 short-term respiratory health effects was not adequately used in preparing the current PA."

- Secondary/Welfare NAAQS (trees, crops, etc): 7 to 9 ppm-h (W126 form)
- EPA didn't know what to do with this disconnect between staff and CASAC pulled the reconsideration (8/21/23)
  - started next full review; IRP for ISA in fall 2024; final in 2028? (election year) Until then we have 70 ppb ...

Legal Status, Jan. 3, 2024: EPA requested voluntarily remand of 2020 rule buys time for full review

Context: Canadian CAAQS is 60 ppb (4<sup>th</sup> highest MDA8) in 2025 What it should be without the politics of compliance?

Important: Reconsiderations are discretionary Agency actions do **NOT** reset the 5-year CAA clock – not full review cycles required by CAA

TBD as of 1/31/24: Will PM reconsideration (9 and 35) get pulled?

1/30/24 PM Abeyance extended again, to 2/13/24 -- Goffman conf vote?

More than a year since proposal (Jan. 6 2023);

It IS an election year ... (2011 O3)

Take-home lesson: Never try to finalize a tighter NAAQS in an election year