Scary Maps

Use of Air Quality Modeling, Risk Assessment, and Isopleth Graphics to Encourage Diesel Emission Reductions

- 1. Train Yard
- 2. Truck Stop
- 3. Port

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Public Health Concerns Evaluated

- Fine Particulate (PM-2.5) National Ambient Air Standards (NAAQS) annual NAAQS = 15 ug/m³ 24-hour NAAQS = 35 ug/m³
- Incremental Cancer Risk
 - assumes 70-year continual exposure
 - only diesel particulate from site included

Risk Management Procedures for Facility-Wide Risk (Existing Sources)

- Cancer risk greater than 1,000 in a million Unacceptable risk, requires immediate action to reduce.
- Cancer risk from 100 to 1,000 in a million Significant risk, pursue short-term (less than 1 year) risk minimization strategy.
- Cancer risk from 10 to 100 in a million Significant risk, pursue long-term (more than 1 year) risk minimization strategy.
- Cancer risk less than 10 in a million Negligible Risk.

RARITAN RAIL YARD



THE NEW JERSEY TRANSIT RAILYARD AT RARITAN







NJ Transit's Idling Reduction Program

Four Idling Scenarios Evaluated:

- 1. DEP initial estimate (Scary Map)
- 2. Revised per NJ Transit Data (reality)
- 3. Initial Idling Reduction Program (40°F)
- 4. Revised Idling Reduction Program (0°F)

Revised Idling Reduction Program \rightarrow 80 percent reduction in total idling hours, except when nighttime temperatures below 0° F.

<u>INITIAL SCARY MAP</u> (estimated inventory)

Maximum Predicted 24-Hour PM-2.5 Concentrations due to Past Train Idling Practices (NJDEP Initial Estimate)



NAAQS= 35 ug/m3; Background levels (not included in figure) = 30.5 ug/m3

REVISED SCARY MAP (refined inventory)

Maximum Predicted 24-Hour PM-2.5 Concentrations due to Past Idling Practices (using NJ Transit data)



NAAQS= 35 ug/m**3; Background levels (not included in figure) = 30.3 ug/m**3

AFTER IDLING REDUCTION PROGRAM Maximum Predicted 24-hour PM-2.5 Concentration with (Temperatures above 0° F)



NAAQS= 35 ug/m**3; Background levels (not included in figure) = 30.3 ug/m**3



<u>CANCER RISK MAP</u> - Incremental Cancer Risk due to Past Train Idling Practices (using NJ Transit data)



Note: Exposures at the Elementary School are expected to be less than a life time and so the risk will be less (see text for further explanation).

No background values included in this figure

AFTER IDLING REDUCTION PROGRAM Incremental Cancer Risk due to Train Idling



Note: Exposures at the Elementary School are expected to be less than a life time and so the risk will be less (see text for further explanation). No background values included in estimated cancer risk



MAHWAH TRUCK STOP



Aerial view of the Pilot Truck Stop in Mahwah, NJ.





Pilot Truck Stop Air Dispersion Modeling

- Standard Air Permit Modeling Methodology and Techniques Used.
- Key Inputs number of trucks idling, hours of idling, time of idling.
- Four Scenarios Evaluated:
 - 1. DEP initial estimate of major truck stop expansion
 - 2. Existing conditions per applicant/citizen input
 - 3. Proposed truck stop modification pre May 2010
 - 4. Proposed truck stop modification post May 2010 (effective date of more stringent NJ Idling Rule)



Current Conditions

Predicted 98th percentile 24-Hour PM-2.5 Impacts due to Pilot Truck Stop

(Citizen survey observed up to 45 idling trucks

Legend



Maximum of 4.2 ug/m3



Note: National Ambient Air Quality Standard is 35 ug/m³; Background levels are 31.1 ug/m³



INITIAL SCARY MAP

Predicted 24-Hour PM-2.5 Concentration due to Pilot Truck Stop

(DEP's estimate of major expansion, up to 150 idling trucks)

Legend



Maximum of 12.2 ug/m3





<u>REVISED NON-SCARY</u> <u>MAP</u> Predicted 24-Hour PM-2.5 Concentrations due to Pilot Truck Stop

(Proposed Modification -up to 10 idling trucks)

Legend



Maximum of 0.9 ug/m3



Note: National Ambient Air Quality Standard is 35 ug/m³; Background levels are 31.1 ug/m³



Proposed Modification

Incremental Cancer Risk due to Pilot Truck Stop (up to 10 idling trucks)



Note: Less than 10 in a million risk is considered insignificant for an entire facility's risk







0	1,550	3,100	6,200
			reet









<u>Dispersion Modeling of Port</u> <u>Emission Sources</u>

- Variety of sources trucks, ships, locomotives, cargo-handling equipment
- Covering an area of 3 sq. miles with nearest communities over a mile away
- Also includes both transit and "at berth" ship emissions

DRAFT MAXIMUM PREDICTED ANNUAL PM2.5 CONCENTRATIONS DUE TO ALL PORT ACTIVITIES (not including background)





Newark Airport

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Adjusted background PM2.5 at Elizabeth Lab = 13.4 ug/m³ (2006-2008 average) Significant Impact Level = 0.3ug/m³ NAAQS = 15.0ug/m³



DRAFT MAXIMUM PREDICTED 24-HOUR PM2.5 CONCENTRATIONS DUE TO ALL PORT ACTIVITIES (not including background)









Background PM2.5 at Elizabeth Lab- 35.3 (g/m² (2005-2008 aue rage) In term Sign Moant Impact Level = 1.2 (g/m² NAAQS = 35 (g/m²



DRAFT MAXIMUM PREDICTED 70-YEAR LIFETIME CANCER RISK DUE TO PORT-RELATED DIESEL PARTICULATE EMISSIONS (not including background)







Risk Management Action Levels: 10 -100 Long-term risk reduction 100 -1000 Short-term risk reduction

Maximum offsite risk is 173 in a million Maximum residential risk is 150 in a million



DRAFT MAXIMUM PREDICTED 70-YEAR LIFETIME CANCER RISK DUE TO PORT-RELATED DIESEL PARTICULATE EMISSIONS (not including background)





DRAFT MAXIMUM PREDICTED 70-YEAR LIFETIME CANCER RISK DUE TO DIESEL PARTICULATE EMISSIONS FROM OCEAN-GOING VESSELS (not including background)







Risk Management Action Levels:

10 -100 Long-term risk reduction 100 -1000 Short-term risk reduction



DRAFT MAXIMUM PREDICTED 70-YEAR LIFETIME CANCER RISK DUE TO DIESEL PARTICULATE EMISSIONS FROM CARGO HANDLING EQUIPMENT (not including background)



Legend





Risk Management Action Levels:

10 -100 Long-term risk reduction 100 -1000 Short-term risk reduction





Legend





Risk Management Action Levels:

10 -100 Long-term risk reduction 100 -1000 Short-term risk reduction



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