The Future of EPA's Stationary Source Audit Program (SSAP)

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What Is the SSAP?

- Provides Audit Samples to State and Local Agencies For Tests to Demonstrate Compliance with Emission Limits
- Regulatory requirement in 40 CFR
 Part 51, 60, 61 and 63.
 - About 37 different methods require audit samples

How Does the SSAP Work?

- Audit Samples Can Be Ordered by Registered Users from the SSAP Database (www.sscap.net/index.html)
- Samples Are Shipped to the User or to an Address specified by the User
- The Tester Performing the Compliance Test Measures the Audit Sample and Reports the Results to the User

How Does the SSAP Work?

 The User Reports the Result to the Database and Gets Immediate Pass/Fail Results

 Registered Users Have Access to Historical Results Stored in the Database

Program Costs

Costs ~\$225,000/year

 Audit program needs capital improvements ~\$750,000 over five years

What does SSAP audit?

Currently Audit
 Samples Are
 Available for the
 Following 14 EPA
 Methods

Methods 6, 7, 8, 12,
13A, 13B, 23, 24, 25,
26, 26A, 29, 101A,
and 315

EPA Internal Assessment Team

- Discussed the current SSAP issues and considered a number of options
- Outreach
 - Attended The NELAC Institute (TNI) meeting to discuss restructuring the program
 - Coordinated with EPA's Office of Water to discuss how they restructured their Performance Evaluation Program
 - Met with NACAA to listen to concerns

What Options Did the EPA Assessment Consider?

- Shutting the SSAP down.
- Continued EPA funding.
- Asking the States to provide funding.

 Restructuring the SSAP to allow accredited sample providers to <u>sell</u> audit samples.

Private Provider

Private labs provide audit samples.

 American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) sets accreditation criteria for operating labs.

TNI brings stakeholders together.

How will the Accredited Sample Provider Option be Implemented?

 Work with the accrediting body to develop a criteria document that would describe how the program would work

 Amend existing rules to state that audit samples will be available from accredited sample providers and not from EPA

EPA Interim Measures

 Fund the program one more year (to October 2008) to allow time to find alternatives.

 One more year of funding to October 2009) to allow time for rulemaking

Some Issues to be Resolved

 How to order samples and get the results in the regulator's hands.

Who will keep the data.

State and Local Concerns

- Expand the program to cover more test methods.
- Transition to private providers should be transparent.
- Whoever pays the bill owns the sample.
- Can the tester guess the answer without analyzing?

State and Local Concerns

- How do we handle the billing?
- How much will samples cost?
- Get better participation in the program.
- EPA should maintain some oversight of the program.

State and Local Concerns

- CAA Section 101, a.4
- Federal financial assistance and leadership is essential for the development of cooperative Federal, State, regional, and local programs to prevent and control air pollution.

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