



# UCDAVIS

## **POLICY INSTITUTE FOR ENERGY, ENVIRONMENT, AND THE ECONOMY**

*Leveraging university expertise to inform better policy*

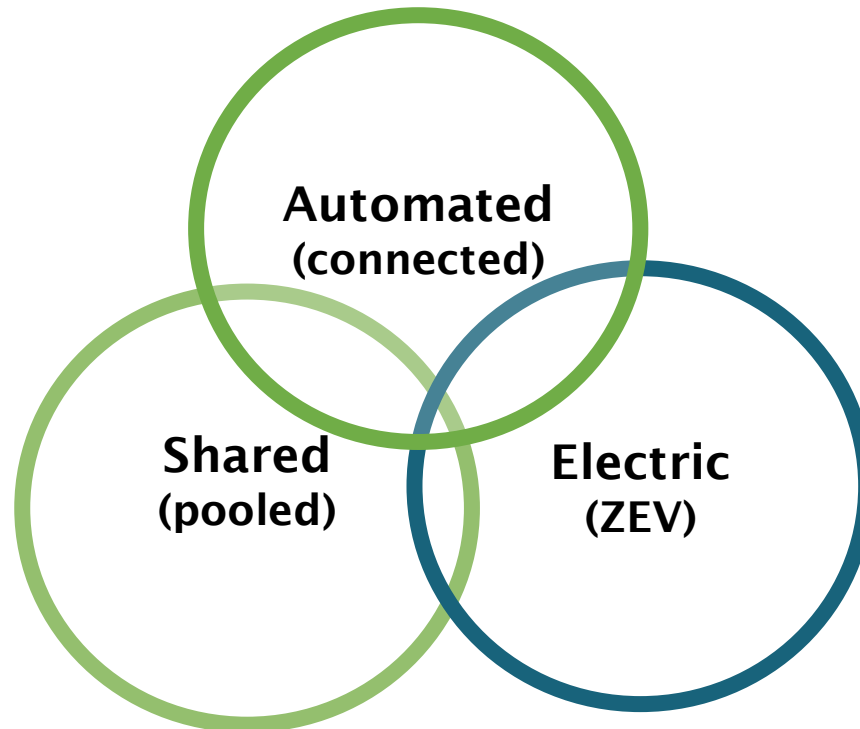
3 Revolutions and Air Quality

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May 23<sup>rd</sup>, 2018

# 3 Revolutions



# Automation

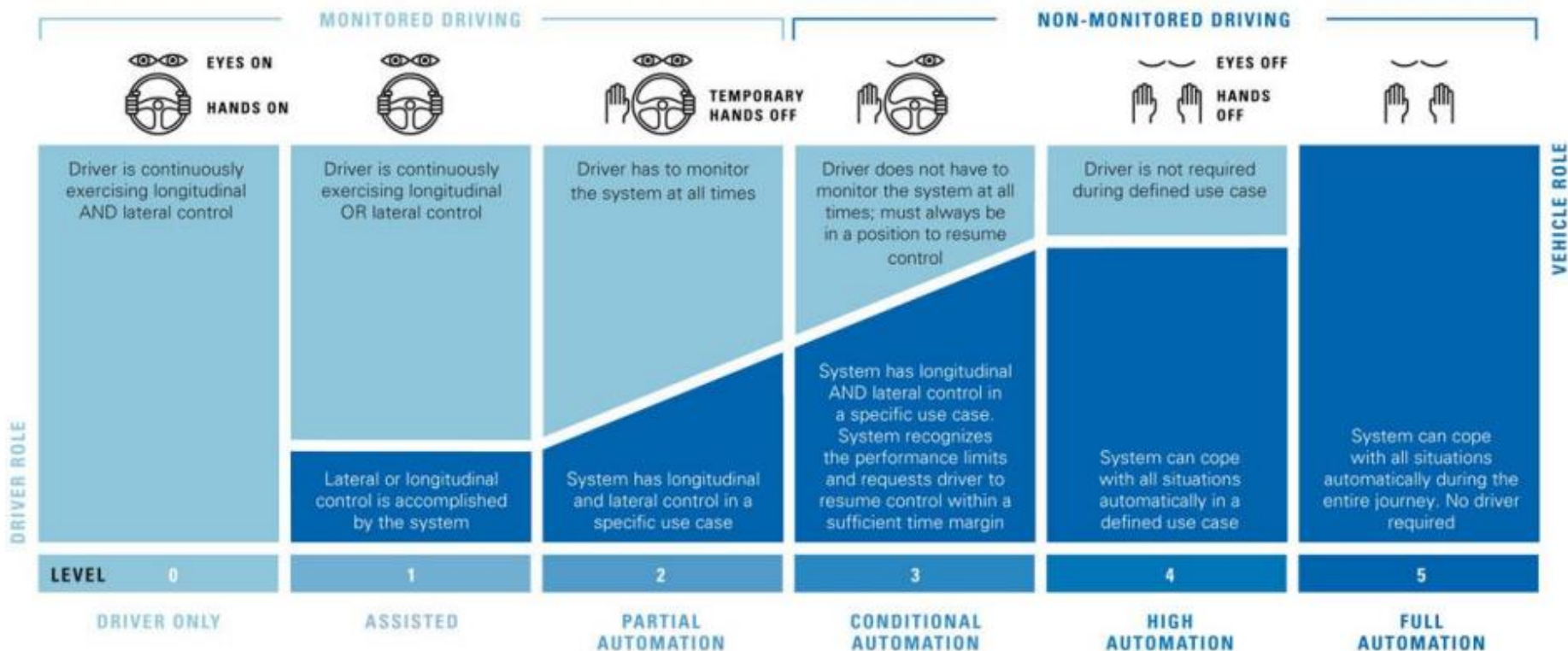
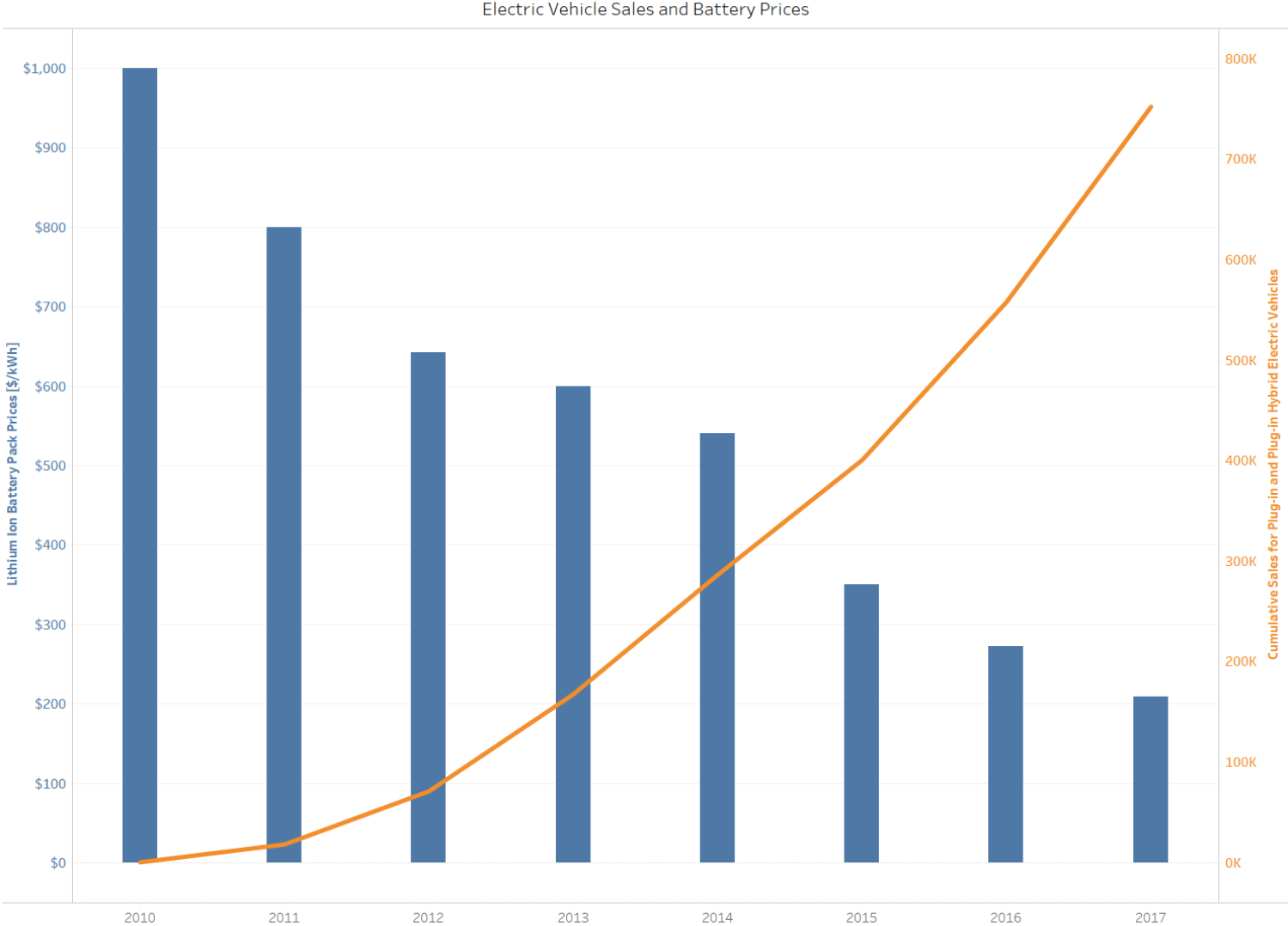
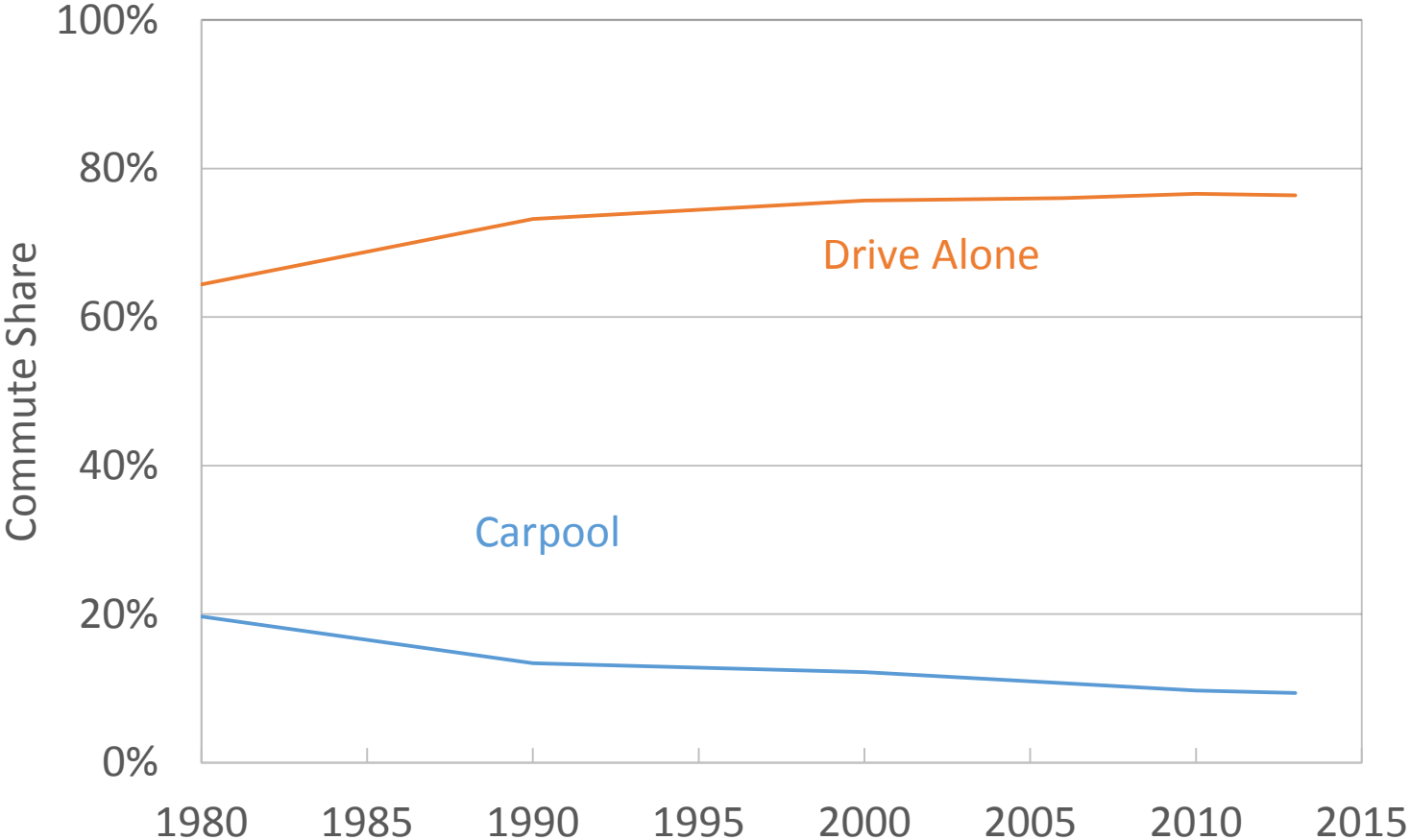


Figure 1: Description and comparison of automated vehicle functionality levels<sup>4</sup>

# Electrification



# Pooling



# Unintended Consequences

## 1. Demand

(Changes in VMT)  
(Changes in 'mobility')

- Easier Travel
- Underserved
- Empty Miles
- Mode Shift
- ↓ Hunting for Parking
- ↓ Ridesharing

## 2. Efficiency

(Changes in MPG)  
(Changes in 'operation')

- Vehicle Resizing
- Drive Smoothing
- Platooning
- Collision Avoid
- Intersection V2I
- ↓ Fast Travel

Source: Stephens et al., Estimated Bounds and Important Factors for Fuel Use and Consumer Costs of Connected and Automated Vehicles, <http://www.nrel.gov/docs/fy17osti/67216.pdf> (2016)

# We Need All 3 Revolutions

## Three Revolutions in Urban Transportation

### Business-as-Usual Scenario

#### 20th Century Technology

Through 2050, we continue to use vehicles with internal combustion engines at an increased rate, and use transit and shared vehicles at the current rate, as population and income grow over time.



### 2 Revolutions (2R) Scenario

#### Electrification + Automation

We embrace more technology. Electric vehicles become common by 2030, and automated electric vehicles become dominant by 2040. However, we continue our current embrace of single-occupancy vehicles, with even more car travel than in the BAU.



### 3 Revolutions (3R) Scenario

#### Electrification + Automation + Sharing

We take the embrace of technology in the 2R scenario and then maximize the use of shared vehicle trips. By 2030, there is widespread ride sharing, increased transit performance—with on-demand availability—and strengthened infrastructure for walking and cycling, allowing maximum energy efficiency.



**Number of Vehicles on the Road by 2050**  = 250 million vehicles



**CO<sub>2</sub> Emissions by 2050**  = 500 megatonnes of CO<sub>2</sub>



# Policy Principles

We ask that automation advances all of these goals:

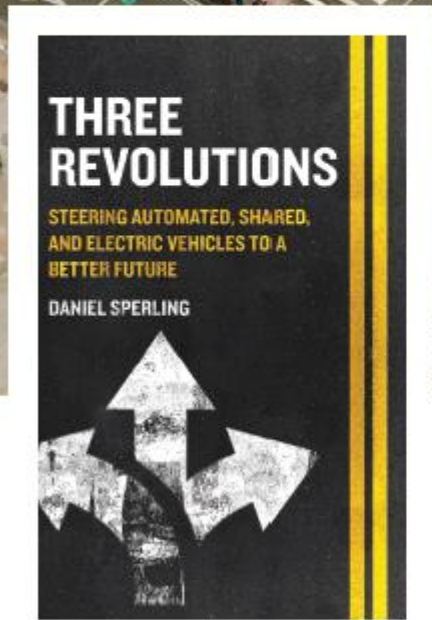
1. Reduce traffic crashes, injuries and fatalities
2. Improve access for everyone, including all income levels, as well as people of all ages and physical abilities
3. Ensure an equitable transportation system
4. Foster healthy communities
5. Create an environmentally sustainable transportation system that dramatically reduces greenhouse gas emissions
6. Mitigate job loss and create new well-paying jobs for those displaced
7. Support sustainable land use development patterns and advance city goals for housing
8. Improve traffic congestion



# Policy Needs

- 1. User incentives:** Incentivize travelers to choose pooled mobility services over individual ownership of vehicles now, and more so when driverless vehicles become available.
- 2. Pooling and EVs:** Encourage mobility service companies to embrace pooling and EVs (including hydrogen fuel cell vehicles). Motivate automakers to design AVs for pooling that are powered by electricity or hydrogen.
- 3. Equity and transit:** Encourage transit operators and mobility service companies to collaborate in providing more access and service at lower cost.
- 4. Land use:** Begin redesigning cities for a transportation system that uses less parking and fewer roads and is more conducive to pooling, walking, biking, and affordable living.

# 3 Revolutions Book



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## Three Revolutions

Daniel Sperling

# Last Thoughts

- The transportation system could be much better.
  - Pollution, but also safety, congestion, equity
- New technologies and business models are a risk and an opportunity.
- This is a unique time to get the policy framework in place to get benefits from automated vehicles (and minimize unintended consequences).
  - Need all 3 Revolutions
- We don't know how long this will take, but we need to get the right policy in place now.
- Regional governments will lead the way