

Status of FY 2025 Appropriations Bills
Prepared by the National Association of Clean Air Agencies (NACAA)
March 11, 2024

	Final FY 2024 Bill (March 8, 2024)	FY 2025 President's Request (March 11, 2024)	FY 2025 House Bill	FY 2025 Senate Bill	FY 2025 Final Bill	NACAA Recommendations
EPA Budget	\$9.159 billion	\$11 billion				
§103/105 Grants	\$235.9 million	\$400.2 million				\$500 million
PM_{2.5} Monitoring Under §103	Yes	Yes				Yes
DERA	\$90 million	\$100 million				
Targeted Airshed Grants	\$67.8 million	\$69.9 million				
Multipurpose Grants for States and Tribes	0	\$10.2 million				
Revised Formula of Regional Allocations	"The Agency is directed to allocate funds for this program using the same formula as fiscal year 2015. Should the Agency seek to change the formula, it should submit a proposal in its fiscal year 2023 budget justification for consideration by the Committee."					
Wildfire Smoke Preparedness	\$7 million	\$7 million				

House-Senate Final Bill Riders for FY 2024

- prohibition of funds for rules that require Title V permits for carbon dioxide, nitrous oxide, water vapor, or methane emissions.
- prohibition on EPA using funds to implement any rule provision requiring mandatory reporting of greenhouse gas emissions from manure management systems

House Riders for FY 2024

- Prohibits EPA from imposing mandatory reporting of greenhouse gas emissions from manure management systems.
- Prohibits EPA from implementing permitting requirements for livestock emissions under the Clean Air Act.
- Blocks the following regulations (issuance, implementation and/or enforcement)
 - The Mercury and Air Toxics Standards (MATS) rule;
 - Regulations on light, medium, and heavy-duty vehicles;

- Ethylene Oxide regulations until the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) certifies that such regulations will not adversely impact the availability of sterile medical products;
- EPA's "Clean Power Plan 2.0."
- Directs EPA to update Congress on implementation of the GAO report "Renewable Fuel Standard: Actions Needed to Improve Decision-Making in the Small Refinery Exemption Program"
- EPA must brief the Committee w/in 90 days on how it can improve wildfire smoke monitoring and standards and other actions
- EPA must brief the Committee w/in 90 days on the eligibility of class 8 trucks to participate in programs to reduce emissions (including exclusions from participation)
- Rescinds funds for the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund
- Rescinds funds for the for environmental and climate justice grants.
- Prohibits funds to consider or incorporate the Social Cost of Carbon.
- Prohibits funds to approve the CA waiver for "Small Off-Road Engine Regulations: Transition to Zero Emissions".
- Prohibits funds for the "Federal 'Good Neighbor Plan' for the 2015 Ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards"
- Prohibits funding for the executive order relating to advancing racial equity and support for underserved communities
- Discourages EPA from moving forward with eRIN program in the Renewable Fuel Standard
- Encourages EPA to identify and consider that federal, state and local activities, including prescribed burns on federal forestland, impact a local air district's compliance with air quality standards.
- Urges EPA to not issue final "Standards of Performance for New, Reconstructed, and Modified Sources and Emissions Guidelines for Existing Sources: Oil and Natural Gas Sector Climate Review" until certain concerns are resolved.
- Urges EPA to finalize the rule removing the 1 psi RVP waiver for summer gasoline-ethanol blended fuels containing 10 percent ethanol and to respond to future petitions in a more timely manner.
- Amendments adopted upon passage of H.R. 4821 on November 3, 2023: <https://www.4cleanair.org/wp-content/uploads/House-amendments-adopted.pdf>

Senate Riders for FY 2024

- Prohibits EPA from imposing mandatory reporting of greenhouse gas emissions from manure management systems.
- Prohibits EPA from implementing permitting requirements for livestock emissions under the Clean Air Act.
- EPA must finalize its proposed Renewable Fuel Standard credits from renewable electricity (eRINS) within 90 days.
- EPA must provide a briefing on its hiring activity for the program and recommendations for improving the petition and approval process within 90 days.