### NSPS Rulemakings for Greenhouse Gas Emissions

NACAA
Joint Permitting and Enforcement Workshop

June 14, 2011

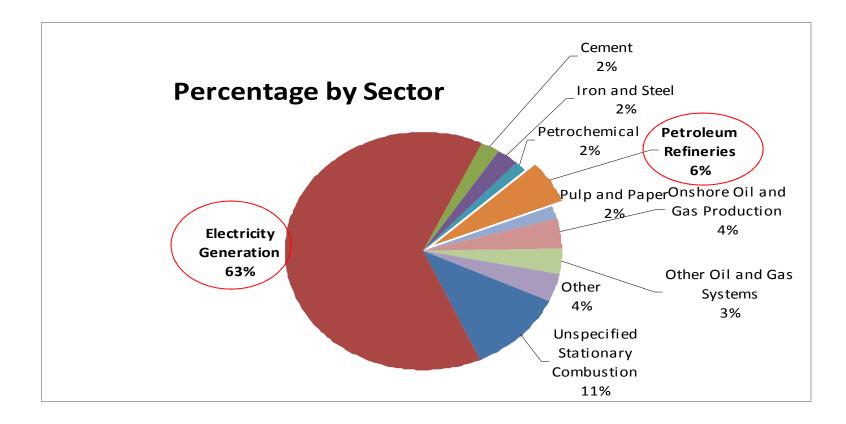


### **Background**



- On December 15, 2009, EPA published the Endangerment Finding.
- On December 23, 2010, EPA announced a proposed settlement agreement to issue rules that will address GHG emissions from certain fossil fuel-fired EGUs and Refineries, as well as air toxic emissions from Refineries.
- Under the agreement, EPA commits to issuing:
  - for EGUs, proposed regulations by July 26, 2011 and final regulations by May 26, 2012, and
  - for Refineries, proposed regulations by December 10, 2011 and final regulations by November 10, 2012.
- Agreement addresses (1) EPA's September 2007 remand of its February 2006 final decision not to set GHG standards for boilers, and (2) petitions for reconsideration of the Refinery NSPS.

### **GHG Emissions from the Industrial Sector**



Source: Regulatory Impact Analysis for the Mandatory Reporting of Greenhouse Gas Emissions Final Rule (September 2009)

### **EPA GHG NSPS Listening Sessions**



- EPA held five listening sessions on the GHG NSPS for EGUs and Refineries
  - Session 1: Electric Power Industry Representatives
    - ▶ February 4, Washington, DC
  - Session 2: Environmental and Environmental Justice Organization Representatives
    - ► February 15, Atlanta, GA
  - Session 3: State and Tribal Representatives
    - ► February 17, Chicago, IL
  - Session 4: Coalition Group Representatives
    - ▶ February 23, Washington, DC
  - Session 5: Petroleum Refinery Industry Representatives
    - March 4, Washington, DC

### **Summary of EGU Listening Sessions**



- Electric Power Industry
  - Allow for fleet wide averaging
  - Give credit for replacement of older, less efficient generation
- Coalition Groups
  - Allow for State programs to be deemed equivalent
  - Provide market-based flexibility
  - Recognize early action
- State and Tribal Representatives
  - Allow for State programs to be deemed equivalent
  - Reward the very best possible systems available
  - Take a multi-pollutant approach
- Environmental and Environmental Justice
  - Allow for State programs to be deemed equivalent
  - Recognize environmental benefit of non-emitting technologies
  - Allow no special considerations for biomass
  - Taking an aggressive GHG approach will reduce other pollutants as well

## Summary of Refinery Listening Sessions



#### Industry

- Finish NSPS for petroleum refinery flares and process heaters first
- Do not consider the feedstock in standards
- Take into account the other EPA regulations that are in play (e.g., reformulated fuel standards and low sulfur fuel standards)
- Recognize that:
  - ▶ requirements could push refining out of U.S. and produce no net reduction in global CO<sub>2</sub>
  - refiners are already doing energy efficiency projects
  - scope outlined in settlements is too ambitious

## Summary of Refinery Listening Sessions



- State and Tribal Representatives
  - Allow State programs to be deemed equivalent
  - Credit for early actions by industry that result in GHG reductions
  - Take a multi-pollutant approach
- Environmental / Environmental Justice Organizations
  - Recognize that the NSPS can provide more than limited benefits
  - Provide the flexibility needed to accommodate markets
  - Allow States to define and regulate sources
  - Consider standards that are:
    - technology-based
    - output-based
    - fuel-neutral
  - Consider co-pollutant impacts

## **Key Questions for the EGU GHG NSPS**

- What should emission limits for new sources be based on?
- What should emission limits for modified sources be based on?
- What should emission limits for existing sources be based on?
- What regulatory mechanisms should be used to get reductions?
- How should State equivalency with guidelines be addressed?

# **Key Issues for the Refinery GHG NSPS**



- Accurate emission data
- Scope of rulemakings
- Options for GHG rules
- Addressing environmental justice concerns and children's health
- Approach for addressing malfunctions

### **Additional Information**

Information on the GHG settlement agreement and other regulations affecting EGUs and Refineries is posted at:

http://epa.gov/airquality/ghgsettlement.html

More information on the GHG listening sessions, including video recordings of the sessions, is posted at: http://epa.gov/airquality/listen.html