

# United States Environmental Protection Agency Heavy-Duty Phase 3 Greenhouse Gas

National Association of Clean Air Agencies

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#### **Outline**

- Heavy-Duty (HD) Greenhouse Gas Timeline
- Phase 3 Greenhouse Gas Scope
- California Air Resources Board's (CARB) Advanced Clean Trucks (ACT) vs. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) Phase 3
- Union of Concerned Scientists (UCS): Three scenarios on how manufacturers would comply with Phase 3



#### **HD GHG Standards Timeline**







MYs 2018 (trailers),\*\* 2021-2027

- U.S. EPA's Final Rule in 2016
- CARB's adoption in 2018

#### Phase 3 MYs 2027-2032

- U.S. EPA's Final Rule in 2024
- CARB's planned adoption in ~2026/2027 timeframe

#### Phase 1 Model Year's (MY) 2014-2018\*

- U.S. EPA's Final Rule in 2011
- CARB's adoption in 2013

\*MY: MY 2015 in California

\*\* MY 2020 in California (trailers)



Phase 3 GHG Scope MYs 2027-2032

Short- (Day Cabs) and Long-Haul (Sleeper Cabs) Tractors (class 7-8)



Removed Phase 2 Trailer Standards Trailers Pulled by Combination Tractors



Vocational Vehicles \_(class 2b-8)





Light- and Medium-Duty Multi-Pollutant Emission Standards

Large Pickups and Vans (class 2b-3)





### CARB's ACT vs. U.S. EPA's Phase 3

	ACT	Phase 3
HD market	California *	Nationwide
Requirements	Must sell zero-emission vehicles (ZEV) as a percentage of annual sales	Performance-based carbon dioxide emission standards
Affected MYs	Increase in manufacturer ZEV sales: 2024 through 2035 MYs	Increase in stringency from 2027 through 2032 MYs
Vehicle Categories	<ul><li>Class 2b-3</li><li>Class 4-8 Vocational Vehicles</li><li>Class 7-8 Tractors</li></ul>	<ul><li>Class 2b-8 Vocational Vehicles</li><li>Class 7-8 Tractors</li></ul>
Technology	ZEV, near zero-emission vehicles (NZEV) (plug-in hybrid electric vehicles (HEV) with a minimum all-electric range)	ZEV, more efficient internal combustion engine (ICE) vehicle, vehicle using low carbon fuels (compressed natural gas (NG), liquified NG), HEV, plug-in HEV, vehicles with hydrogen ICE



	ACT	Phase 3
Other provisions	Zero-Emission Powertrain Certification required starting in 2024 MY for Class 4-8 ZEVs	Optional custom chassis standards for certain vocational vehicles
Warranty	3 years or 50,000 miles	<ul> <li>5 years or 50,000 miles for Light HD vehicle (HDV) (except tires)</li> <li>5 years or 100,000 miles for Medium HDV and Heavy HDV (except tires)</li> <li>2 years or 24,000 miles for tires</li> </ul> Components covered include batteries and other components of ZEVs
Additional requirements	<ul><li>Usable battery capacity visible to fleet</li><li>Standardized battery capacity test</li><li>Allow use of standard scan tool</li></ul>	Battery durability monitoring requirement beginning 2030 (Battery Electric Vehicle & Plug-in HEV)



	ACT	Phase 3
GHG emissions reductions (million metric tons)	~ 11.2 (2020-2040 in California)	~ 1,000 (2027-2055 nationwide)
Emissions	Lowers criteria and GHG emissions	GHG focused
Payback period for purchasers	2-5 years	2-5 years
Periodic Reports	Annually publish ZEV sales information	MY 2024 HD vehicle certification data and ZEV infrastructure development



Vocational Vehicles

MY	ACT ZEV Sales Mandate		Phase 3 Projected % ZEV Adoption Rate		
	Class 2b-3	Class 4-8 Vocational	Light HD Vocational	Medium HD Vocational	Heavy HD Vocational
2024	5%	9%	-	-	-
2025	7%	11%	-	-	-
2026	10%	13%	-	-	-
2027	15%	20%	17%	13%	0%
2028	20%	30%	22%	16%	0%
2029	25%	40%	27%	19%	13%
2030	30%	50%	32%	22%	15%
2031	35%	55%	46%	31%	23%
2032	40%	60%	60%	40%	30%
2033	45%	65%	-	-	-
2034	50%	70%	-	-	-
2035+	55%	75%	-	-	-



**Tractors** 

MY	ACT ZEV Sales Mandate	Phase 3 Projected % ZEV Adoption Rate	
	Class 7-8 Tractors	Medium HD All Cab & Heavy HD Day Cab Tractors	Sleeper Cab Tractors
2024	5%	-	-
2025	7%	-	-
2026	10%	-	-
2027	15%	0%	0%
2028	20%	8%	0%
2029	25%	12%	0%
2030	30%	16%	6%
2031	35%	28%	12%
2032	40%	40%	25%
2033	40%	-	-
2034	40%	-	-
2035+	40%	-	-



# Phase 3: Averaging, Banking, and Trading (ABT)

- Production volume includes volumes certified to different state standards
- Retaining advanced technology vehicle credit multipliers for plug-in hybrid, battery, and fuel cell electric vehicle through MY 2027, with restrictions
  - Credits from multipliers may be used in MYs 2027 through 2029 and eliminates the availability of credit multipliers for use in MYs 2030 and later
  - Use base credits, then multiplier credits
- Transitional Flexibility: Credit exchanges across averaging sets
  - Transfer credits between all HD averaging sets in MYs 2027-2032
  - One-way transfer from averaging sets medium-duty vehicles to HD vehicles
- Correct credit calculations in ABT reports



### **ACT: Flexibilities**

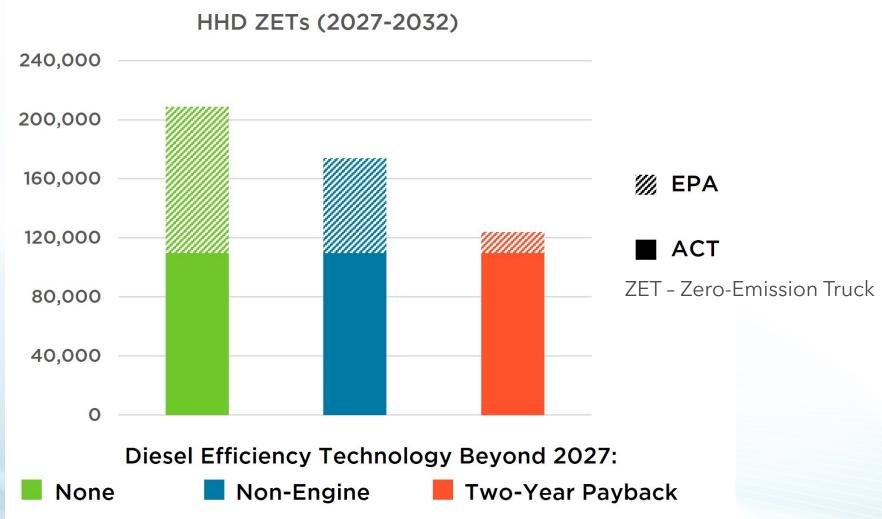
- Early credit starting 2021
- Partial credit for NZEVs plug-in hybrids with minimum all electric range
- Credits can be banked and traded between manufacturers
- Flexibility to shift sales between classes
  - Weighting factors more credits and deficits for heavier vehicles
  - Exception: tractor deficits must be met with tractor credits



# UCS: Three scenarios on how manufacturers would comply with Phase 3

Manufacturers may comply with Phase 3 2027 standards without producing HD ZEVs outside California and Section 177 states

CARB



Source: EPA's Final 2027-2032 Truck Rule Risks Leaving Communities Behind - UCS, March 2024