

TEOM[®] Series 7000 SPM

Real-Time, Direct-Mass Source PM Measurement



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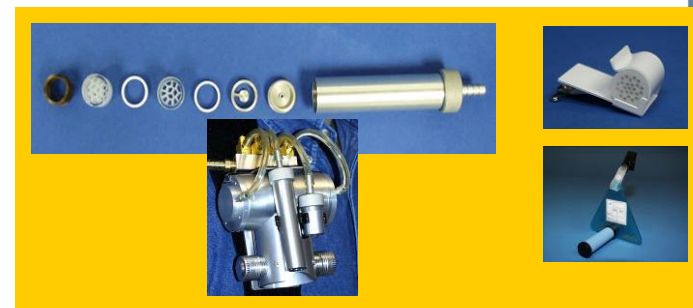
- Overview of the Series 7000 SPM
 - *The Basics*
 - *Method Validation*
- TEOM with Series 6100 HI-RES Microdiluter
 - *Configuration*
 - *OWF Application*
 - *Diesel Emissions Application*
- Questions / Discussion

Who is Thermo EGB?

- Research and manufacturing in Albany, NY USA
- Approx. 50% of products exported
- History of rapid sales growth
- Approx 100 employees:
 - *research scientists*
 - *mechanical and electrical engineers*
 - *designers and software programmers*
 - *assembly and QA*
- Acquired by Thermo Electron April 2005; now part of Environmental Instruments Division, Air Quality Instruments



Ambient Air Monitoring Products

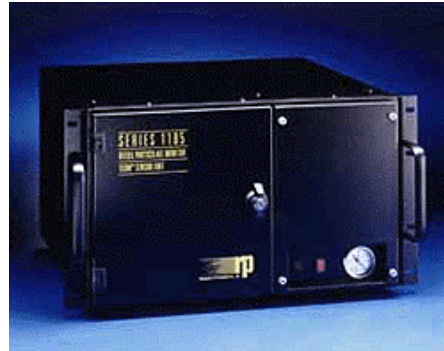


Thermo EGB Emissions Monitoring Products

TEOM® Series 4200
Combustion Efficiency Monitor



TEOM® Series 1105
Diesel Particulate Monitor



Series 6186 FRM
Exhaust Filter Holder
System



TEOM® Series 7000
Source Particulate Monitor



TEOM® Series 6100
HI-RES Micro Diluter



TEOM Series 7000 SPM

Overview / Comparison to Manual Methods

- Like traditional stack particulate sampling methods, the TEOM monitor
 - *Determines the flue velocity,*
 - *Collects particles isokinetically on a filter,*
 - *Performs a direct PM mass measurement.*
- Differences from traditional method
 - *Does not requires laboratory conditioning of filters*
 - *Single-stage sampling and analysis at the stack*
 - *Completely automatic isokinetic sampling and data recording*
 - *Real-time results*
 - *Superior precision and accuracy*
 - *Demonstrated agreement with reference methods*
 - *Very high resolution (LOD ~ 100-200 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)*
 - *Completely automated reporting*

TEOM SPM is an instrumental method incorporating requirements of Methods 1, 2, 3a, 4 and 5/17 in a rugged, portable configuration.

TEOM Series 7000 SPM

Operating Range Specifications

- **Resolution:**
 - *0.2 mg/m³ (1 σ) at 120 sec MC averaging*
- **Operating Range:**
 - *Flue temperatures up to 200 °C*
 - *Flue velocity up to 27 m/sec (90 ft/sec)*
 - *Flue gas up to saturation; gas with droplets requires operating mode with pre- and post-conditioning*
 - *Stack radius up to 5.4 m (US), 3.2 m (Europe)*
 - *Sampling time dependent on concentration – can operate up to an hour at concentrations averaging 400 mg/m³.*
- **Ambient Temperature Range:**
 - *-30°C to +50°C*

Mass Measurement

Tapered Element - Theory of Operation

- Tapered element is hollow tube
- Tapered element oscillates at its natural frequency
- Particulate matter collects on filter as sample stream passes through
- Frequency decreases with accumulation of mass
- *Direct* relationship between mass and frequency change

Tapered
Element



Mass Transducer Assembly



Mass Measurement Principle

$$\Delta M(g) = K_o \left(\frac{1}{f_1^2} - \frac{1}{f_o^2} \right)$$

- Calibration constant, K_o , relates changes in natural frequency to changes in mass
- K_o can be determined empirically through the use of pre-weighed filter cartridges
- K_o does not change over time, but can be verified using a mass calibration verification kit
- TEOM mass measurement principle used in ambient, diesel and power plant instruments made by Thermo (formerly R&P)

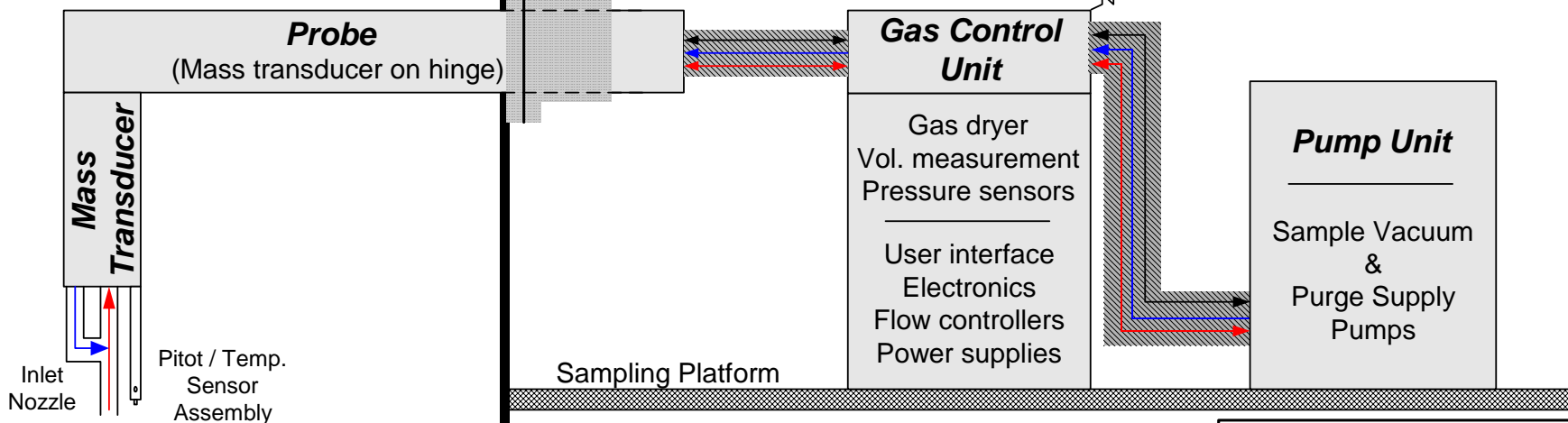
TEOM Series 7000 Main System Components

Mass transducer at end of probe



Stack Wall

Port w/ Probe Support Mechanism



Inlet Nozzle
Pitot / Temp. Sensor Assembly



Mass transducer

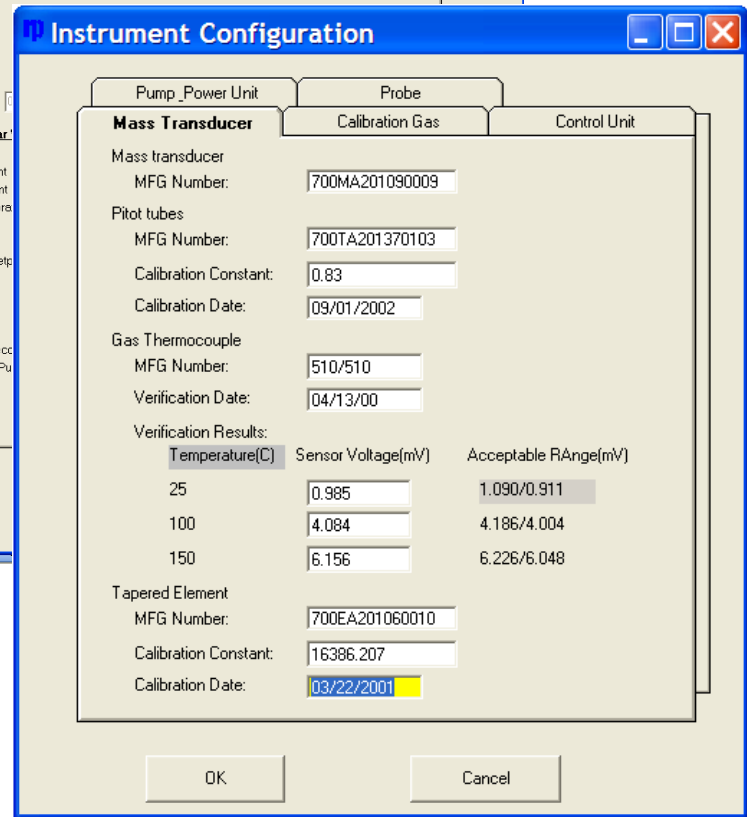
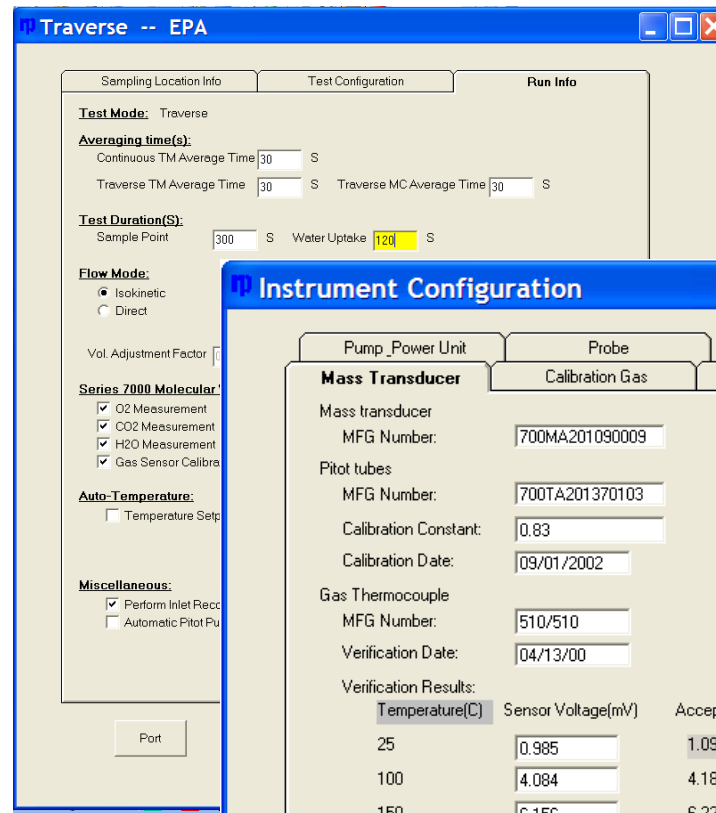
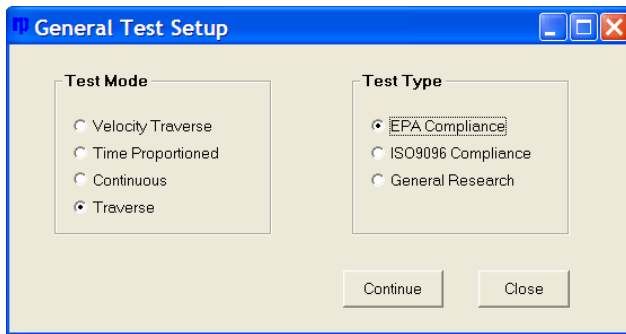
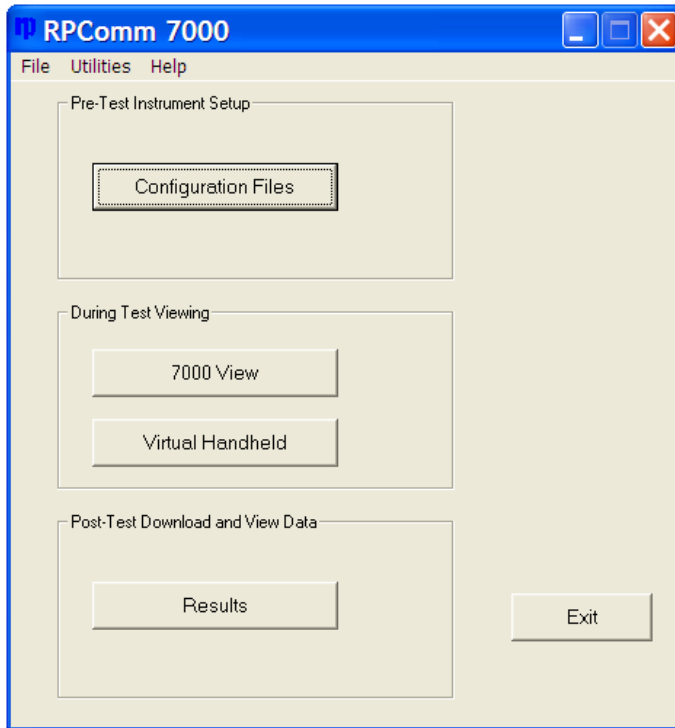


Pump and Control units

	Heated Electrical / Pneumatic Umbilical
	Electronic Connections
	Sample Flow
	Purge Flow

Software: RPComm7000

Standard Configuration Interfaces



Software: SPM Operating System (Accessed through Handheld Terminal Display)

```
OK Purge Dir
SERIES 7000 TEOM SOURCE MONITOR
Main Screen
```

```
List of Screens
Perform Test
Set Hardware
Set Storage
Diagnostics
```

```
Thu Oct 12 10:21:24 2000
```

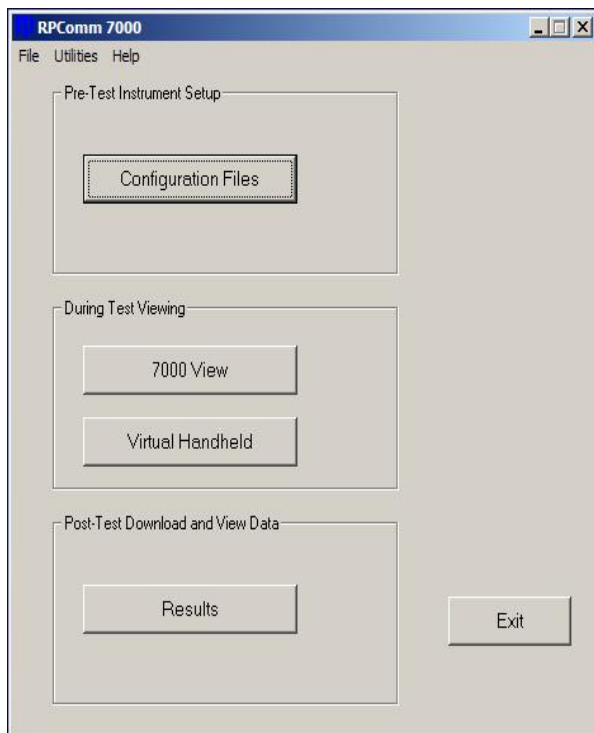


```
OK Purge Dir
Perform Test

1 Xfer Info          9 Leak Check
2 Test Prelim       10 Flow Calib
3 Leak Chk Pit      11 Set Flows
4 Heater Setup      12 Run Test
5 Gas Calib         13 Inlet Recover
6 Vel Traverse      14 Leak Chk
7 Inlet Select      15 System Bias
8 Inst Filters      16 Storage
```

```
Thu Oct 12 10:21:24 2000
```

RP7000 Software: Integrated Reports Generator



Microsoft Excel

File Edit View Insert Format Tools Data Window Help Acrobat

20102 1104- 1211 101603.xls

Particulate - Data Sheet (TRAVERSEWET Mode)

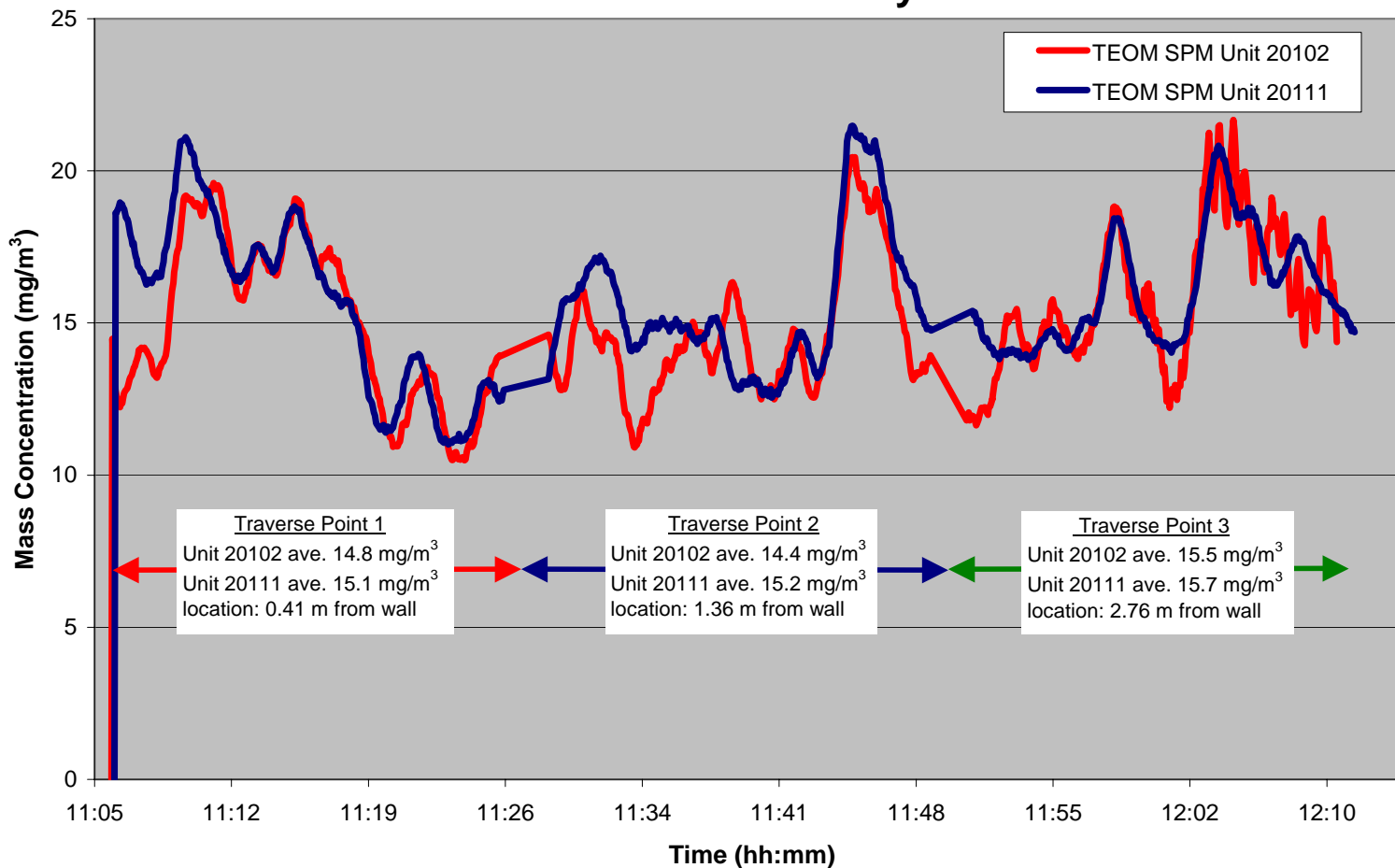
Port Description	Traverse Point No.	Sampling Duration (s)	Distance from Near Wall (m)	Average Filter Temp(C)	Total Mass (ug)	Volume (m3)	Flue Gas Velocity (m/s)	Source Volumetric Flowrate (m3/h)	Average Mass Concentration (ug/m3)	Mass Emission Rate (g/hour)
Port 1	Water	120.00		160.00	33.84	0.0000				
Port 1	1	1200.00	0.41	160.00	326.18	0.0220	18.24	4479701	14.83	66434
Port 1	2	1200.00	1.36	160.00	333.43	0.0232	19.27	4732667	14.38	68056
Port 1	3	1200.00	2.76	160.00	362.69	0.0235	19.55	4801434	15.46	74230
Port 1	Desiccation	798.00		160.00	0.00					
Total					1056.14	6.86E-02				
Method A: Mass Concentration with brush-down:					17.79mg/m3					
Method A: Mass Concentration without brush-down:					14.90mg/m3					

TEOM Series 7000 SPM Measurement Examples & Method Validation



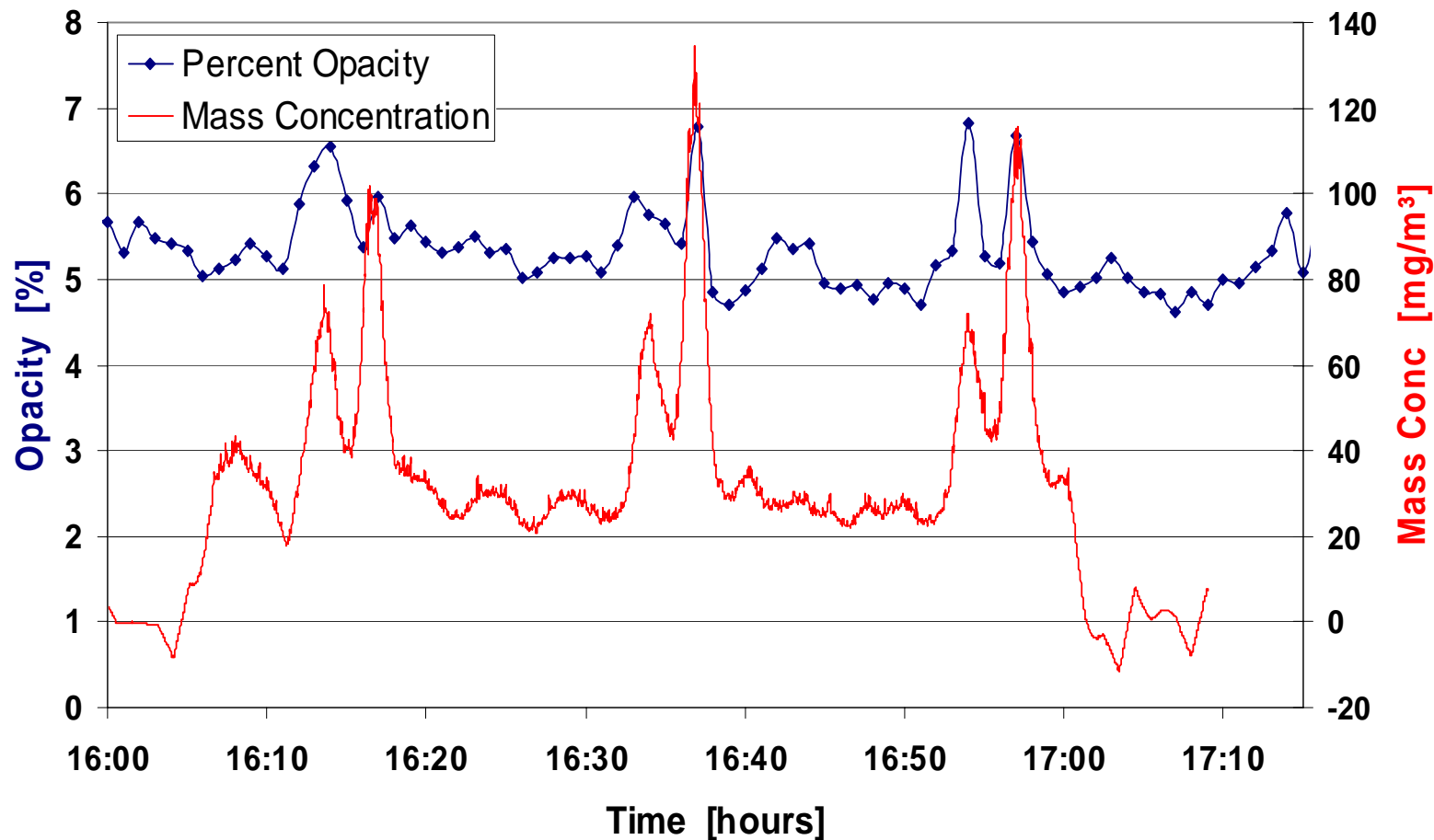
TEOM Series 7000 SPM Stratification Test Using Traverse Mode

Traverse Test Coal-fired Power Plant Emission Source (USA Location) Stratification Analysis



TEOM Series 7000 SPM Measurement Example – Continuous Mode

TEOM Series 7000 Source Part Monitor Mass Concentration and Opacity



Summary of Methods Validation Testing

1. US: “Dry” Stacks (ESP/Fabric Filter at Coal-fired Power Plant & Coal-fired Cement Plant)
 - Series 7000 vs. Method 17
 - Series 7000 vs. Method 5
2. US: “Wet” Stacks (FGD at Coal-fired Power Plant)
 - Series 7000 vs. Method 5
3. Europe (not shown – RPCO.com website)
 - Series 7000 vs. EN 13284-1

All methods validation reports and data available at:

<http://www.rpco.com/products/cemprod/cem7000/index.htm>

Methods Validation Test Plan Overview

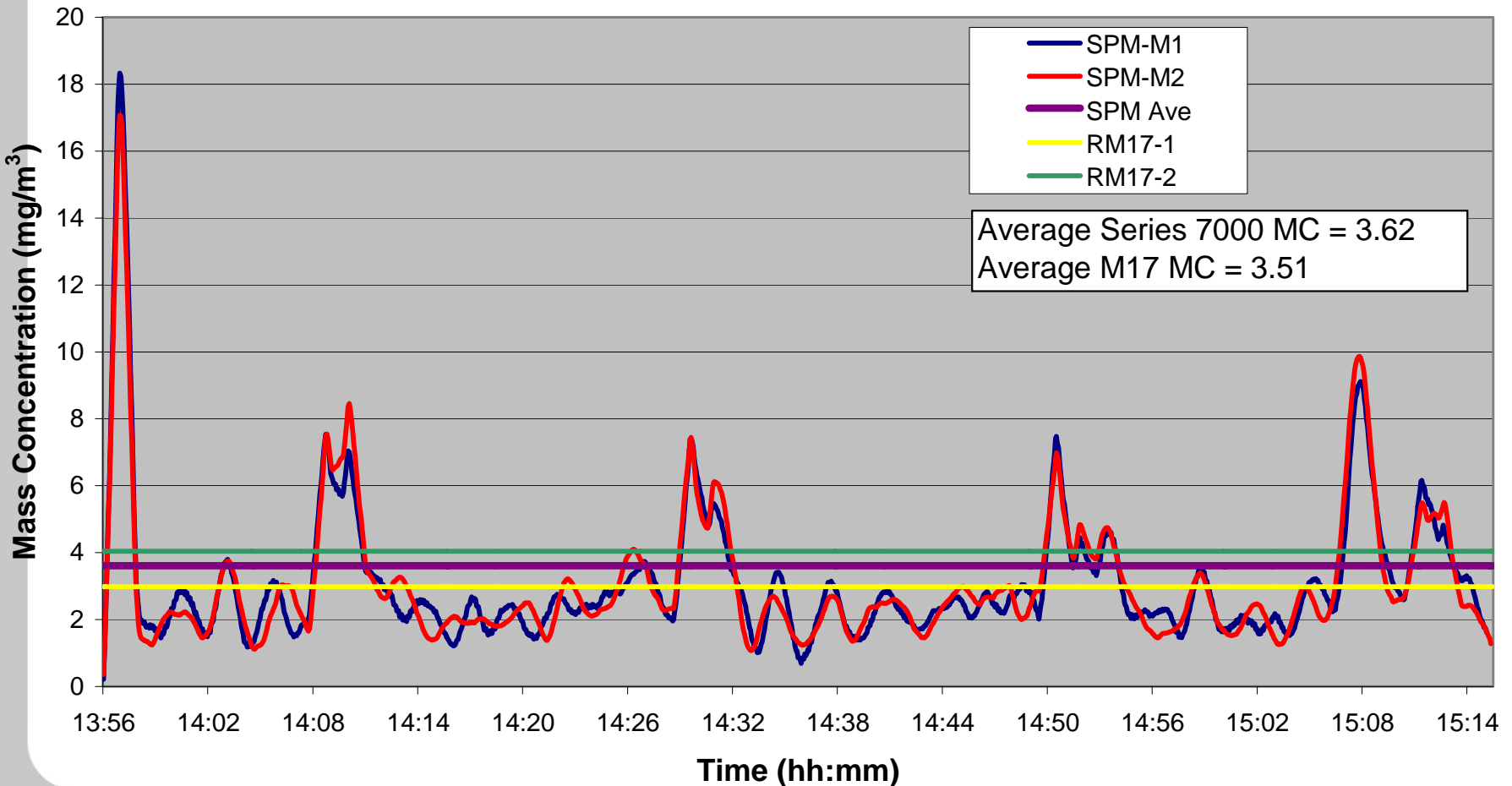
U. S. Testing

How – Follow Method 301 to:

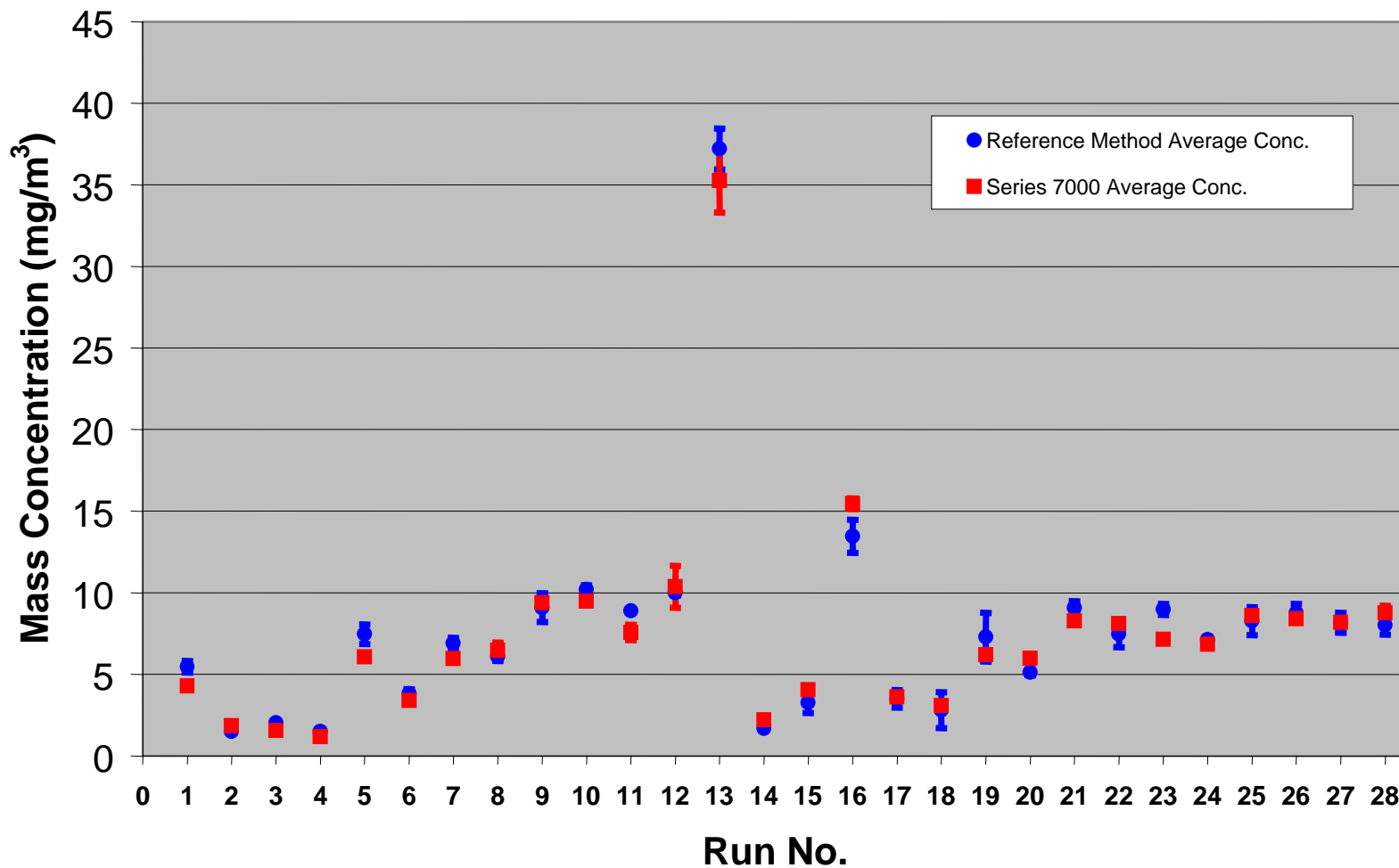
- Compare Series 7000 Method to Method 17
- Compare Series 7000 Method to Method 5 (Front Half)
- Perform Methods Comparisons Using Quadruplet Sampling Trains (2 Series 7000 + 2 Method 5 or Method 17 Trains)
- Compare Methods in Multiple Sources, “Dry” & “Wet” Stacks
- Investigate Probe Nozzle Position Effect on Test Results
- Investigate Effect on Final Measurements of Using Series 7000’s Integrated, Real-time, Gas Sample Molecular Weight Measurement to Set Isokinetic Sampling Conditions

TEOM Series 7000 SPM – Method Validation Typical Test Run Results

Method Comparison - Series 7000 to USEPA Method 17 Coal-fired, Utility Boiler, Site 1, Set 2, Run 1

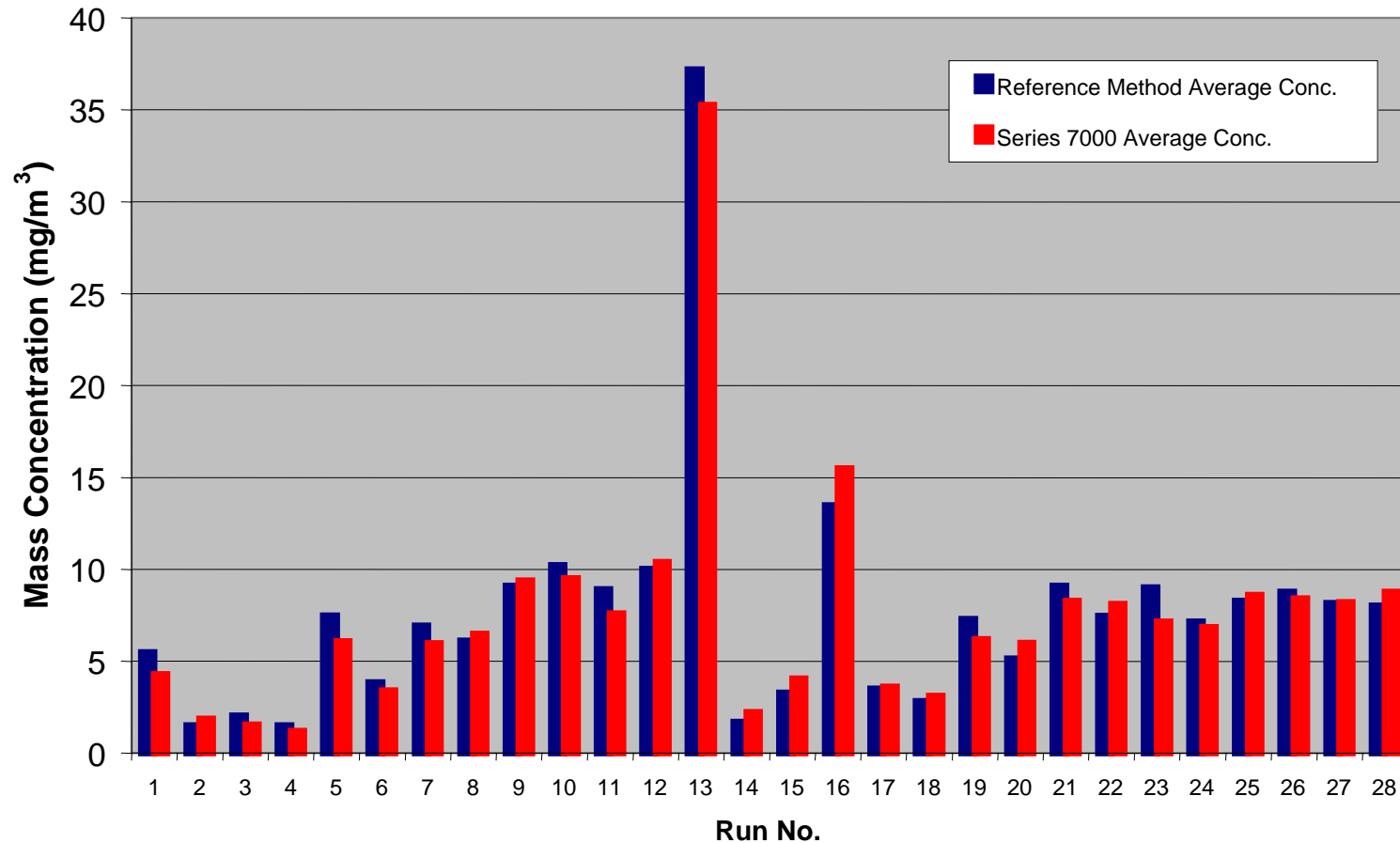


Comparison of Series 7000 to Reference Method Precision Assessment



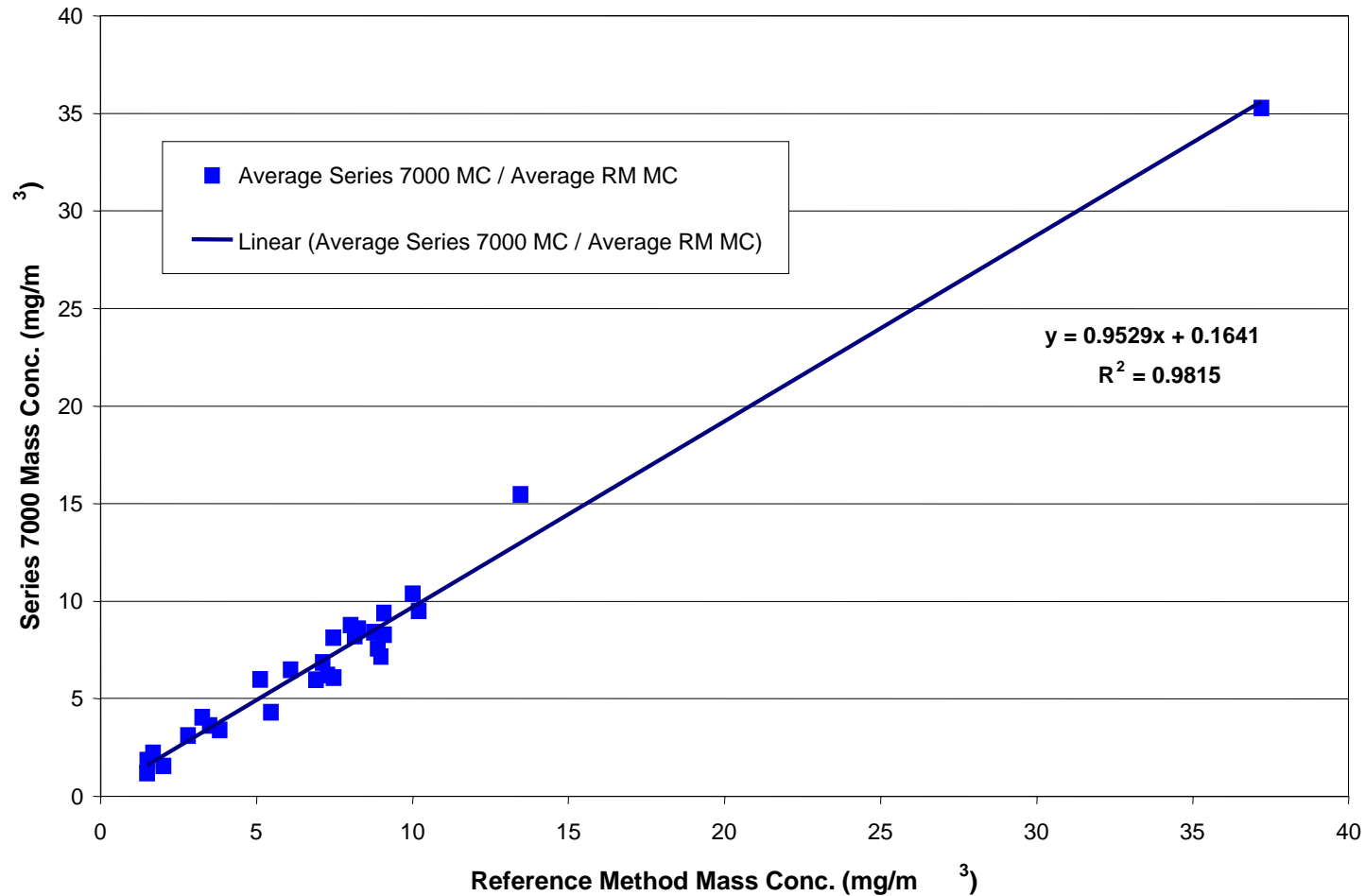
Bias Assessment - All M301 Test Results

Comparison of Series 7000 to Reference Method



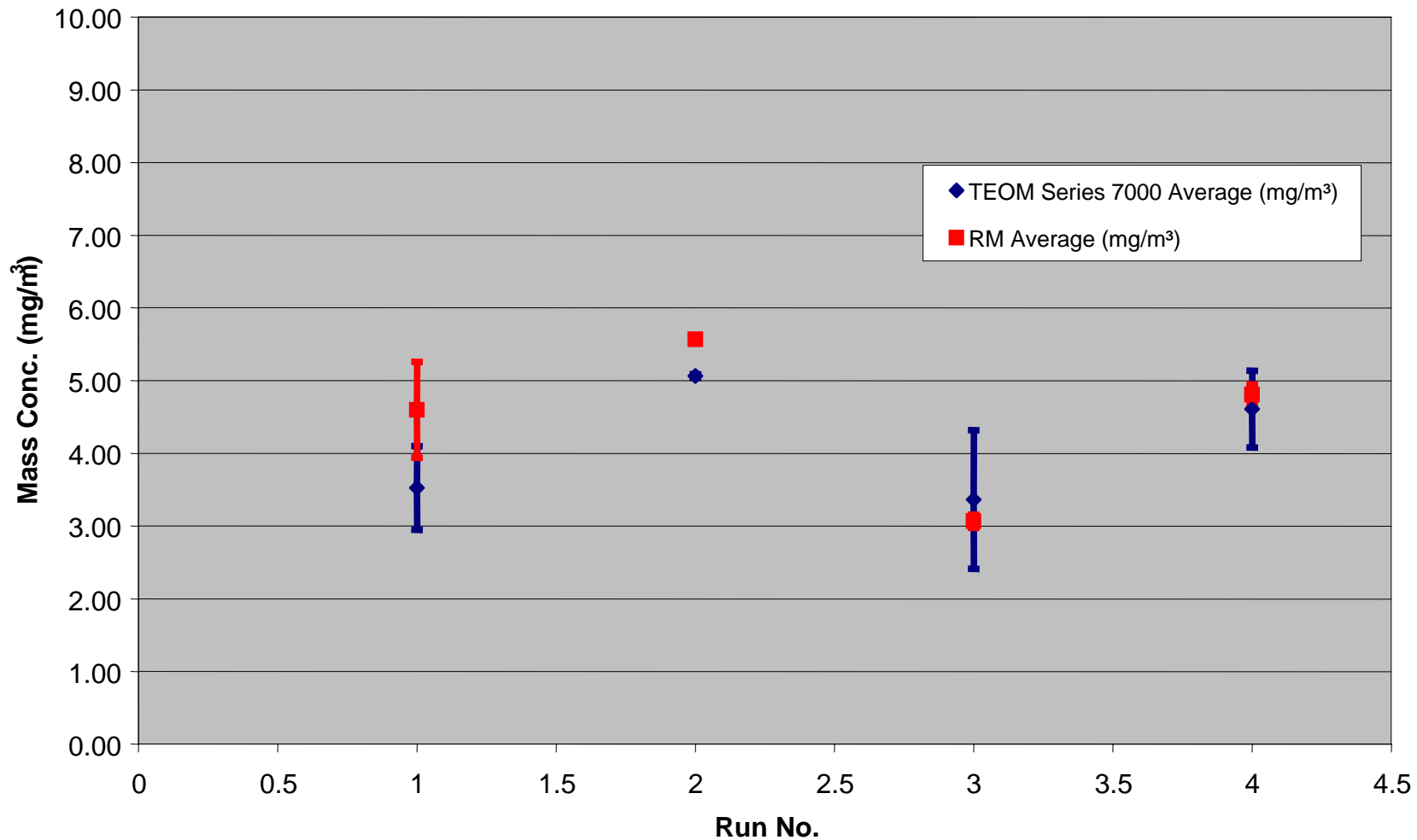
Methods Comparison - Bias Assessment

Average of Paired Same Method Trains



Method Validation - Precision Assessment

Coal-fired Boiler: ESP/FGD Controlled



TEOM Configuration with HI-RES™ Series 6100 Micro Diluter



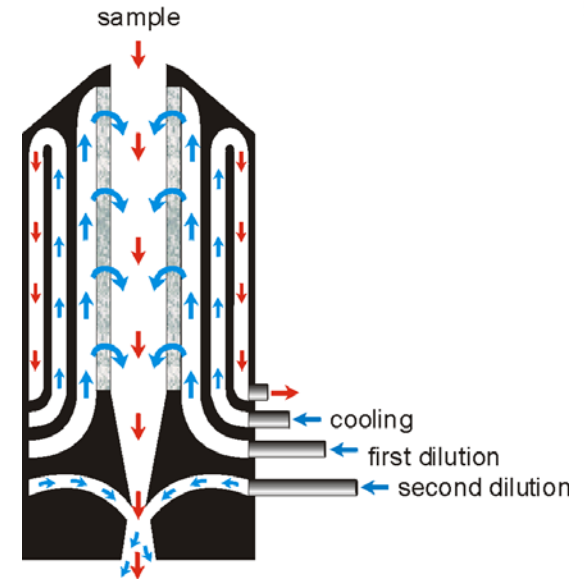
Micro Diluter



Control Interface

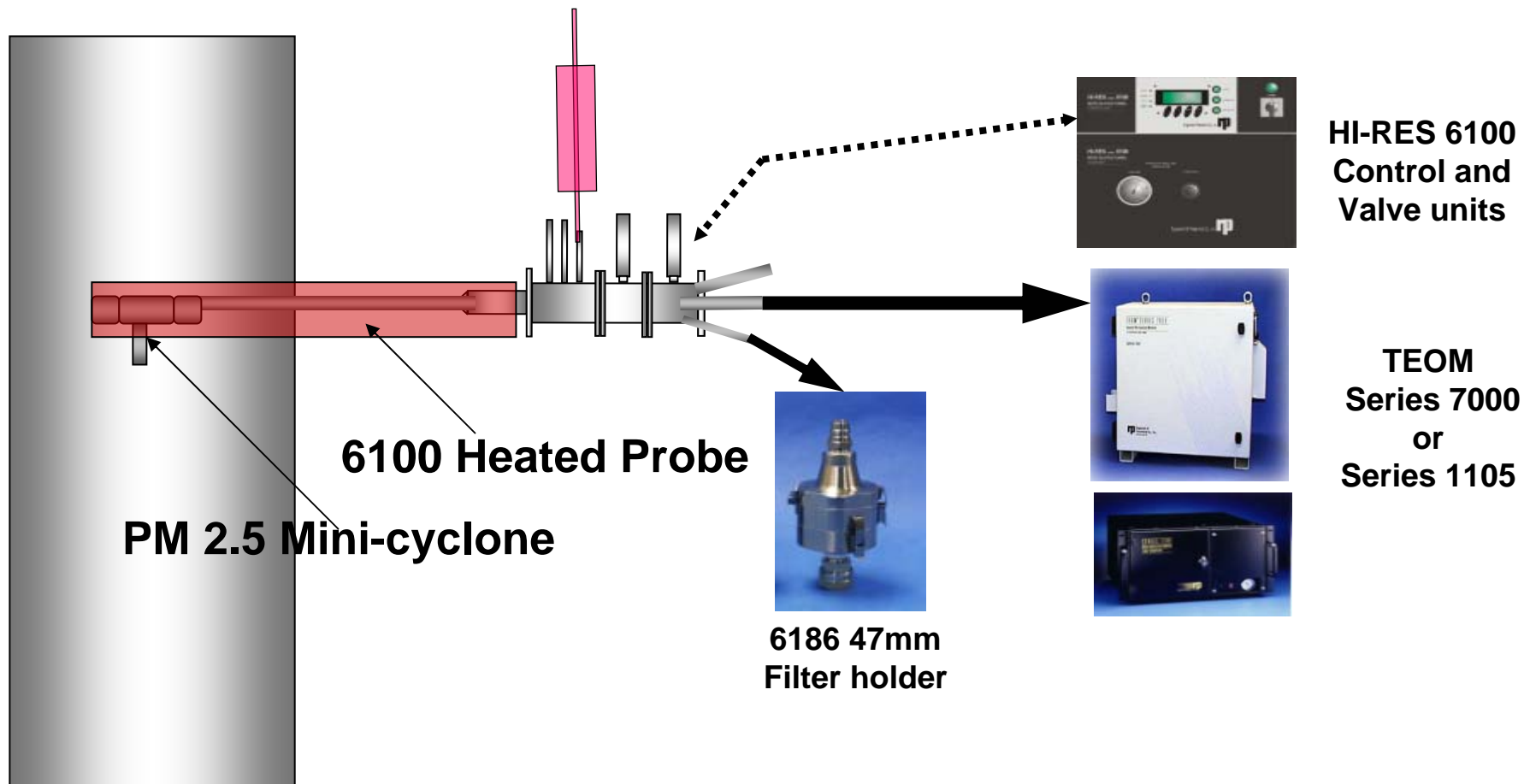
HI-RES 6100 Microdiluter Operation Principle

- 6100 Probe
 - *Primary dilution*
 - Porous tube dilution prevents losses
 - Cold or hot primary dilution
 - Dilution air characteristics can be modified
 - Controlled dilution ratio
 - *Secondary dilution*
 - Ejector type diluter acts as pump
 - Continuous monitoring of dilution ratio
 - Cooling of sample
 - Provides size distribution similar to atmosphere
 - Enhances or prohibits nucleation in controlled manner
- Monitoring (temp., pressure, flow)
- Data acquisition
- User interface



Micro Diluter Configured For PM 2.5 Stack Sampling

Dilution Air Heater (or Cooler)



Microdiluter – SPM 7000 Mass Transducer Configuration for OWF Testing

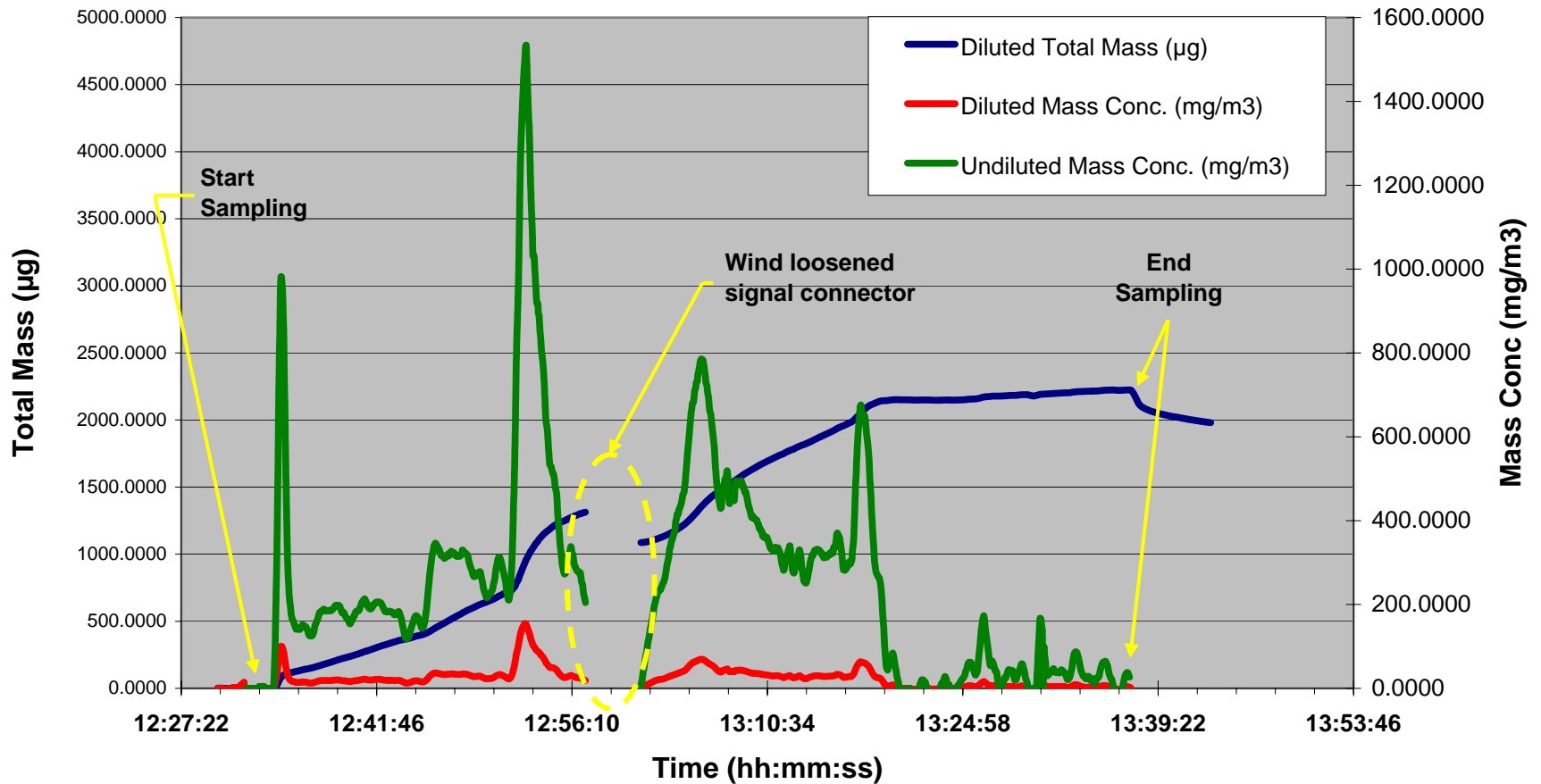
- SPM 7000 Mass Transducer
- Diluter Flow Divider
- Residence Chamber
- Dilution Air Inputs
- Pressure / Temperature Sensors



OWF Test Results

Graph of Mass Concentration / Total Mass Collected

OWF Particulate Matter Emissions Test Using Dilution Method



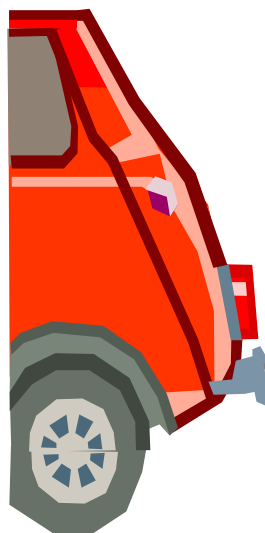
Mobile Source / Automotive Setup



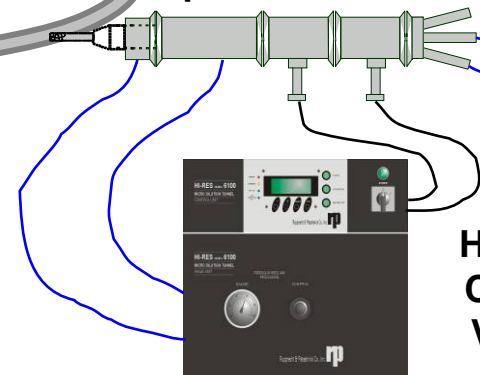
CVS tunnel



Figure not in scale



HI-RES 6100
probe



HI-RES 6100
Control and
Valve units

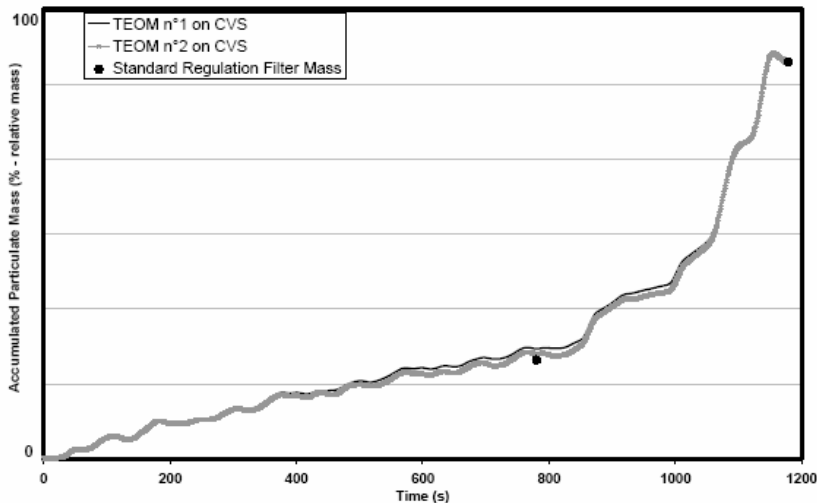
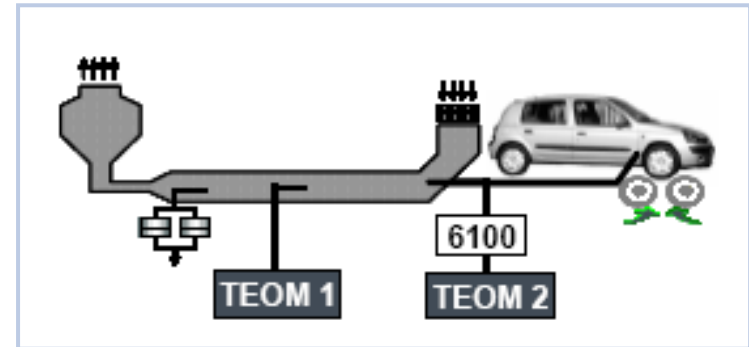
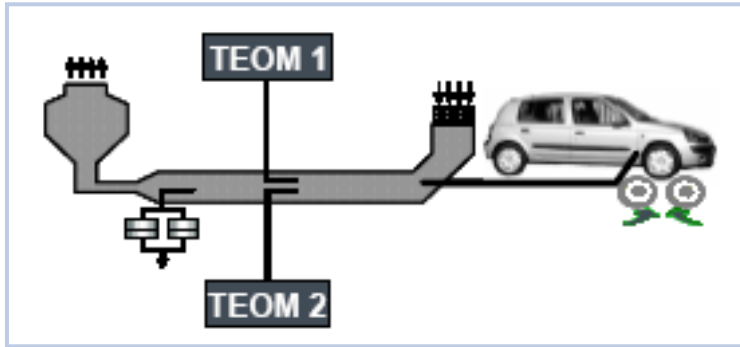


TEOM
Series 1105

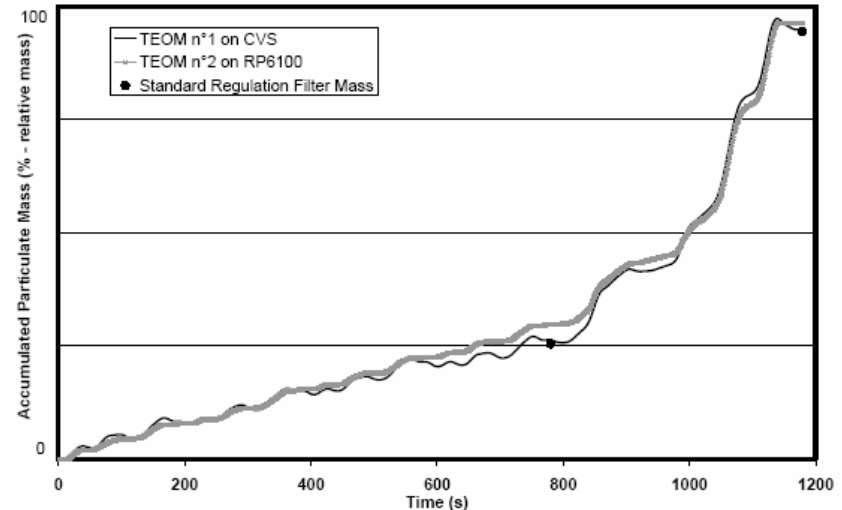


Model 6186
47mm Filter
holder

TEOM 1105 w/6100 Microdiluter Automotive Diesel Engine Application



TEOM1 (on full-flow dilution tunnel), TEOM2 (on R&P 6100 partial diluter) and standard regulation filter total PM mass correlation, using NMVEG100 driving cycle (mg).



TEOM 1105 data reading validation. TEOM1, TEOM2 and standard filter regulation total PM mass correlation on full flow dilution tunnel, using NMVEG driving cycle (mg).

Source: Real-Time Exhaust PM Mass Measurements For DPF Development Studies, Dr. Mokhtar MAAMOURI, et. al., Renault S.A. Emission Control 2006, 18th/19th May 2006

Summary

- Series 7000 includes features, hardware and operating modes to satisfy applications such as compliance testing, PM CEMS correlation/ongoing QC, plant performance / PM emissions studies.
- Series 7000 method meets US EPA and European CEN requirements for alternative method approval.
- Series 7000 can provide higher data reliability, improved precision compared to manual methods, *with on-site results.*
- *TEOM technology can add real-time and integrated direct mass measurement capability to dilution sampling methodology.*

Thank you for your kind attention!

